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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/832,517	04/09/2001	Victor D. Dolecek	P9530	1193
27581	7590 09/09/2002			
MEDTRONIC, INC.			EXAMINER	
710 MEDTRONIC PARKWAY NE MS-LC340 MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55432-5604			REIFSNYDER, DAVID A	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1723	3
			DATE MAILED: 09/09/2002	8

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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6 -10 8-1	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Supplemental	09/832,517	DOLECEK ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	David A Reifsnyder	1723			
The MAILING DATE of this communication apperiod for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tingly within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed is will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133)			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10.	July 2002 .				
2a)☐ This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Th	nis action is non-final.				
Since this application is in condition for allows closed in accordance with the practice under Disposition of Claims	ance except for formal matters, pr Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	rosecution as to the merits is 153 O.G. 213.			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-27</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-27</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>09 April 2001</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a)☐ approved b)☐ disapproved by the Examiner.					
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.					
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a) All b) Some * c) None of:					
1. Certified copies of the priority document					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bu * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	_			
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	c priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e	e) (to a provisional application).			
 a) The translation of the foreign language pro 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domest 					
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)		(PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

A rejection based on double patenting of the "same invention" type finds its support in the language of 35 U.S.C. 101 which states that "whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process ... may obtain a patent therefor ..." (Emphasis added). Thus, the term "same invention," in this context, means an invention drawn to identical subject matter. See *Miller v. Eagle Mfg. Co.*, 151 U.S. 186 (1894); *In re Ockert*, 245 F.2d 467, 114 USPQ 330 (CCPA 1957); and *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970).

A statutory type (35 U.S.C. 101) double patenting rejection can be overcome by canceling or amending the conflicting claims so they are no longer coextensive in scope. The filing of a terminal disclaimer <u>cannot</u> overcome a double patenting rejection based upon 35 U.S.C. 101.

Claims 1-20, 25 and 26 are provisionally rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as claiming the same invention as that of claims 1-20, 21 and 22, respectively of copending Application No. 09/833,234 This is a <u>provisional</u> double patenting rejection since the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Note: An improperly written amendment was filed in Application Number 09/833234 on 7/22/02 which if it would have been entered would have made claims 1-20, 25 and 26 of Application number 09/832517 different from claims 1-20, 21 and 22 of Application Number 09/833234. If the applicant files a properly written amendment to Application Number 09/833234 that is the same as filed on 7/22/02 he will overcome the above statutory double patenting rejection; however, in that case an obvious double patenting rejection will be made. To avoid an obvious double patenting rejection a Terminal Disclaimer should be submitted.

Claims 1-20, 25 and 26 directed to the same invention as that of claims 1-20, 21 and 22, respectively of commonly assigned application number 09/833,234. The issue

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of priority under 35 U.S.C. 102(g) and possibly 35 U.S.C. 102(f) of this single invention must be resolved.

Since the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office normally will not institute an interference between applications or a patent and an application of common ownership (see MPEP § 2302), the assignee is required to state which entity is the prior inventor of the conflicting subject matter. A terminal disclaimer has no effect in this situation since the basis for refusing more than one patent is priority of invention under 35 U.S.C. 102(f) or (g) and not an extension of monopoly.

Failure to comply with this requirement will result in a holding of abandonment of this application.

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 21-24 and 27 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 1 of copending Application No. 09/833,234. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because claims 21-24 and 27 claim

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using genetic and/or medicinal type agents in the system for the production of an autologous platelet gel as claimed in claim 1 of Application No. 09/833,234; and all of the claimed genetic and/or medicinal type agents are of the type that would have been obvious to have used in a system for the production of an autologous platelet gel.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 22 and 24-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Regarding claims 22 and 24; the phrase "such as" renders the claim indefinite because it is unclear whether the limitations following the phrase are part of the claimed invention. See MPEP § 2173.05(d).

Regarding claim 25; the recitation of "said contact activator" lacks antecedent basis.

Regarding claim 26; claim 26 can not be understood in relationship with the limitation of the filter as defined by claim 1. Claim 1 claims "a filter for separating thrombine from said coagulated blood component", while claim 26 claims that "said filter

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...has a pore size that allows thrombine to pass but debris from said coagulated active blood component is retained". If the pore size is large enough for the thrombine to pass then the pore size would be large enough to let the coagulated blood component pass. Therefore, the filter is not for separating thrombine from said coagulated blood component as defined by claim 1 but rather the filter is for separating debris from a solution of thrombine, coagulated blood component and debris.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in-
- (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effect under this subsection of a national application published under section 122(b) only if the international application designating the United States was published under Article 21(2)(a) of such treaty in the English language; or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that a patent shall not be deemed filed in the United States for the purposes of this subsection based on the filing of an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a).
- (f) he did not himself invent the subject matter sought to be patented.
- (g)(1) during the course of an interference conducted under section 135 or section 291, another inventor involved therein establishes, to the extent permitted in section 104, that before such person's invention thereof the invention was

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made by such other inventor and not abandoned, suppressed, or concealed, or (2) before such person's invention thereof, the invention was made in this country by another inventor who had not abandoned, suppressed, or concealed it. In determining priority of invention under this subsection, there shall be considered not only the respective dates of conception and reduction to practice of the invention, but also the reasonable diligence of one who was first to conceive and last to reduce to practice, from a time prior to conception by the other.

Claims 1-20, 25 and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(f) or 35 U.S.C. 102(g) because the applicant did not invent the claimed subject matter.

Claims 1-20, 25 and 26 directed to the same invention as that of claims 1-20, 21 and 22, respectively of application number 09/833,234, which is commonly assigned but has a different inventive entity then the instant application does.

Claims 1-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) and or 102 (e) as being clearly anticipated by Holm et al. (see figures 1-3 and the Example)

Note: It is the Examiner's contention that the applicant's claim 1 includes material which was not in Application Number 09/063,338; however, the 102(e) rejection is being made in case the applicant can successfully argue that claim 1 only includes material which was in Application Number 09/063,338.

Claims 1-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) and/or 102 (e) as being clearly anticipated by Antanavich et al. (see the claims)

Note: It is the Examiner's contention that the applicant's claim 1 includes material which was not in Application Number 08/640,278; however, the 102(e) rejection is being made in case the applicant can successfully argue that claim 1 only includes material which was in Application Number 08/640,278.

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Claims 1-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by
WO 91/09573.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Miller et al. who discloses a fibrin glue delivery system.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David A Reifsnyder whose telephone number is 1-703-308-0456. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9:00 AM to 5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wanda M Walker can be reached on 1-703-308-0457. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 1-703-872-9310 for regular communications and 1-703-872-9311 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 1-703-308-3601.

David A Reifsnyder

Primary Examiner

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DAR September 5, 2002